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Nankani

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(54) **THREE DIMENSIONAL NAVIGATION OF LISTING INFORMATION**

USPC 715/836, 848, 753, 739, 727, 763–765, 715/851

See application file for complete search history.

(71) Applicant: **eBay Inc.**, San Jose, CA (US)

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(72) Inventor: **Satish Kumar Nankani**, Karimnagar (IN)

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(73) Assignee: **eBay Inc.**, San Jose, CA (US)

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This patent is subject to a terminal disclaimer.

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Related U.S. Application Data

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(63) Continuation of application No. 12/862,630, filed on Aug. 24, 2010, now Pat. No. 8,443,300.

Primary Examiner — Kevin Nguyen

(74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm* — Schwegman, Lundberg & Woessner, P.A.

(51) **Int. Cl.**

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G06F 15/00 (2006.01)
G06F 3/0481 (2013.01)
G06F 3/0482 (2013.01)
G06F 17/30 (2006.01)
G06T 19/00 (2011.01)

(57) **ABSTRACT**

Computerized methods and systems for three-dimensional (3-D) displaying and navigating of search results are provided. In embodiments, a criterion may be received from a user of a publication system. A database associated with the publication system may be searched based on the criterion. Search results retrieved from the database may be displayed on at least one side of a 3-D interface object. At least one control may be displayed proximate to the three 3-D interface object. The control may be used to navigate the 3-D interface object.

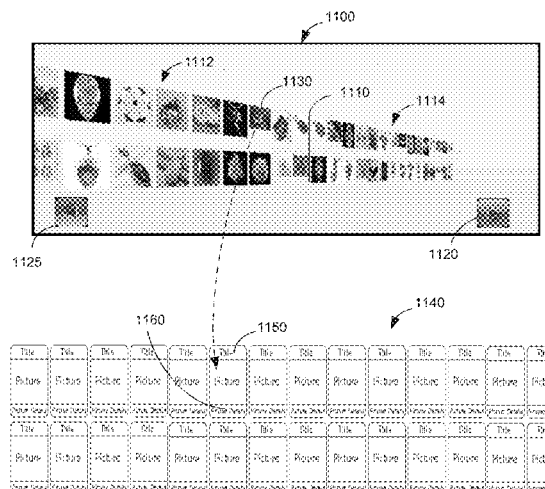
(52) **U.S. Cl.**

CPC **G06F 3/04815** (2013.01); **G06F 3/0482** (2013.01); **G06F 17/30991** (2013.01); **G06T 19/00** (2013.01)

(58) **Field of Classification Search**

CPC G06F 3/04815; G06F 3/0482

20 Claims, 13 Drawing Sheets



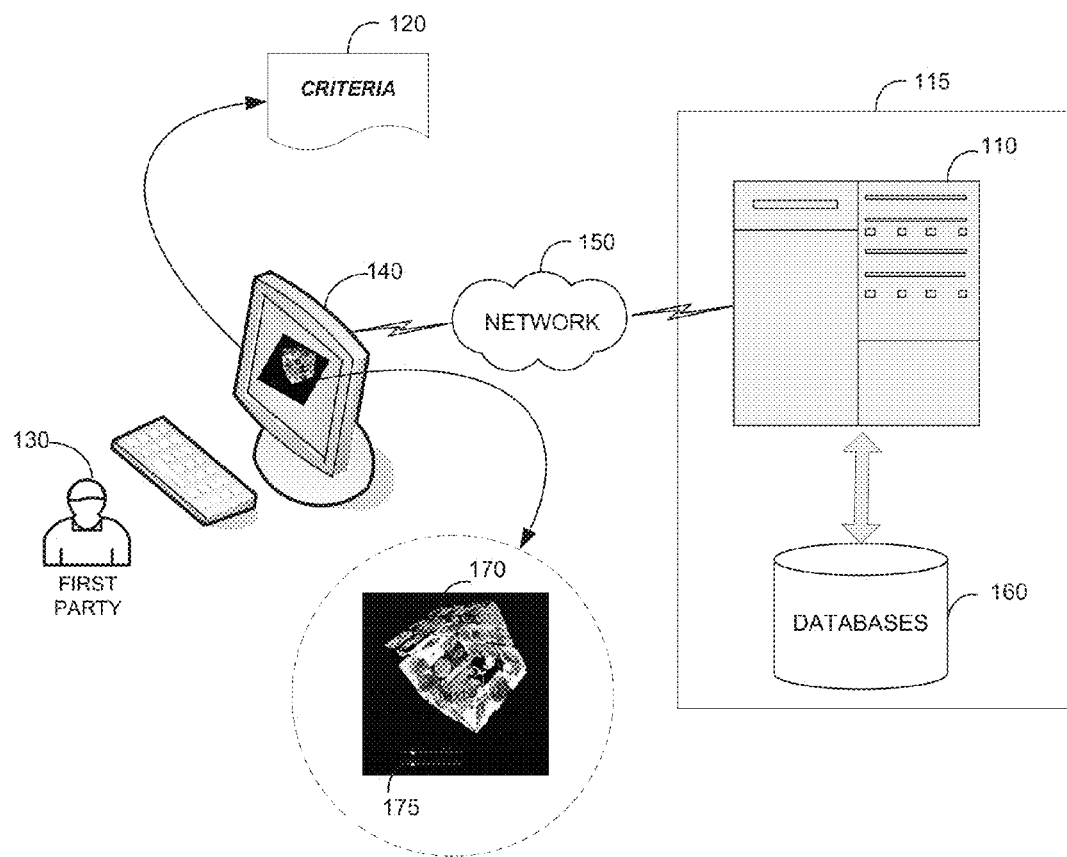


FIG. 1

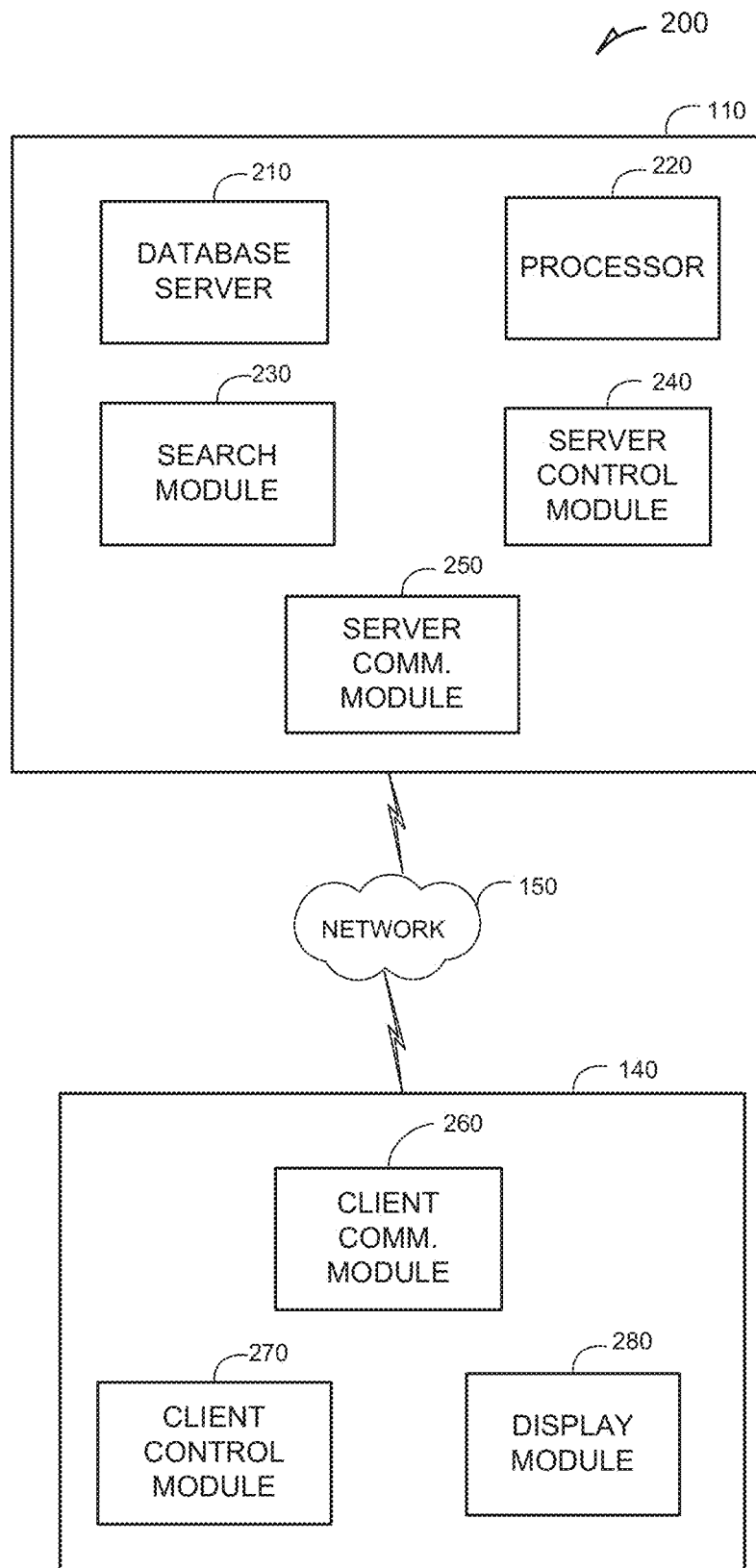
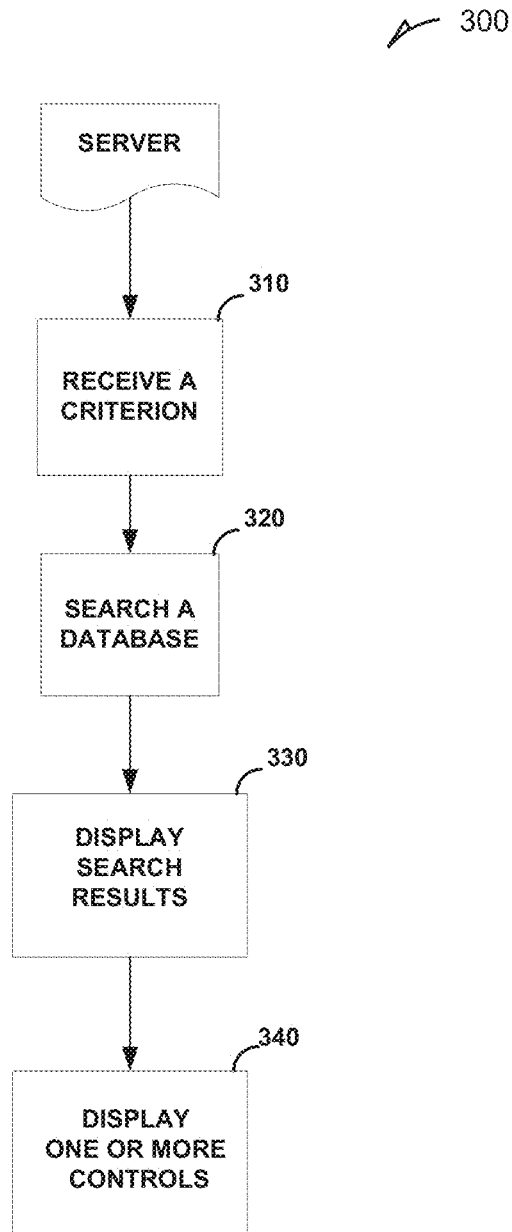
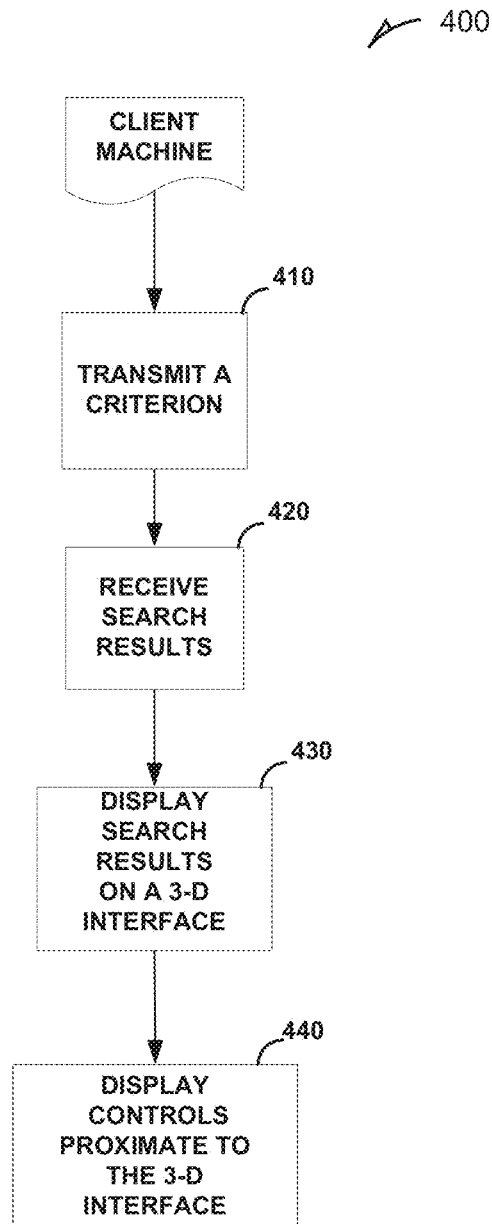


FIG. 2

*FIG. 3*

*FIG. 4*

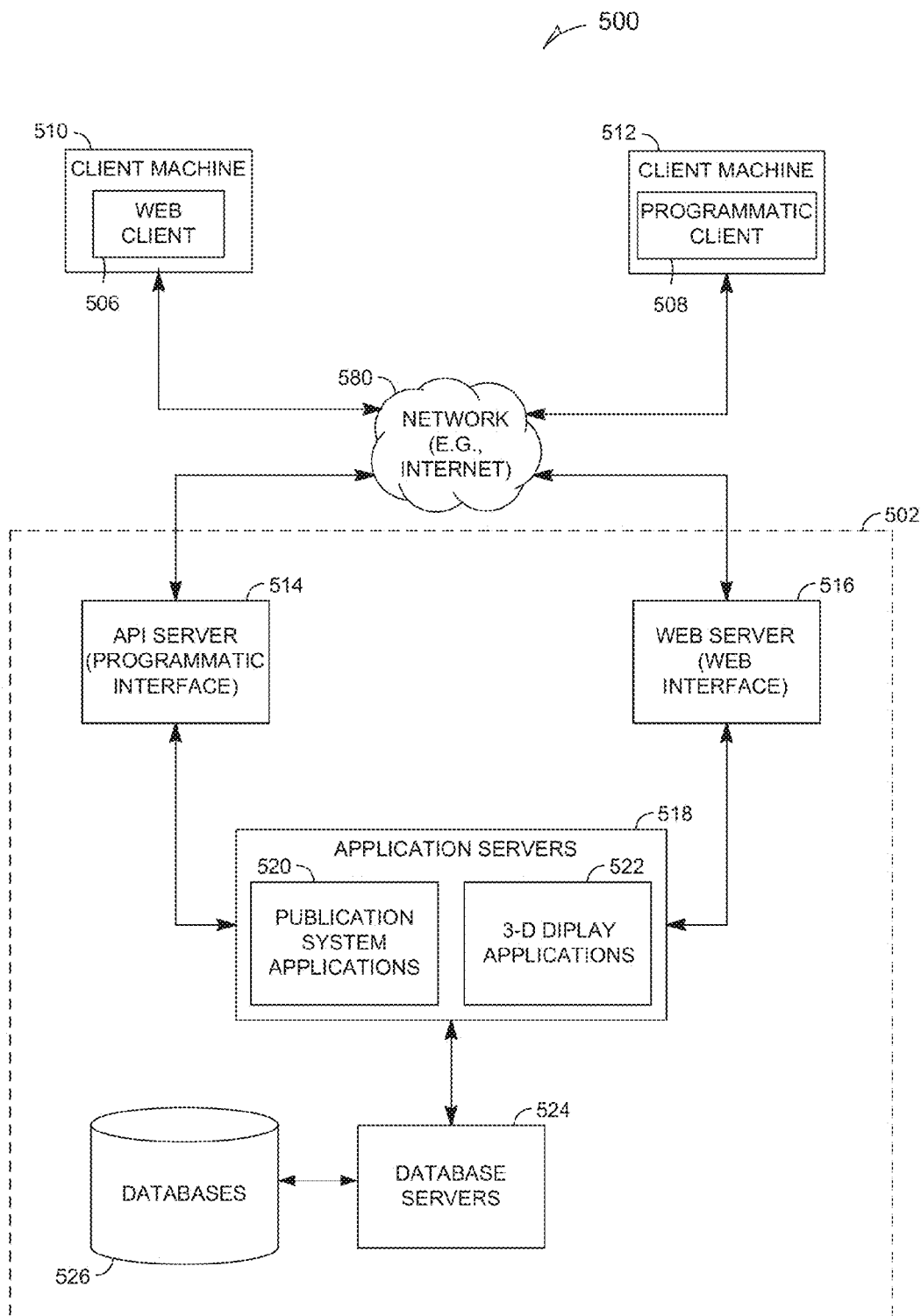
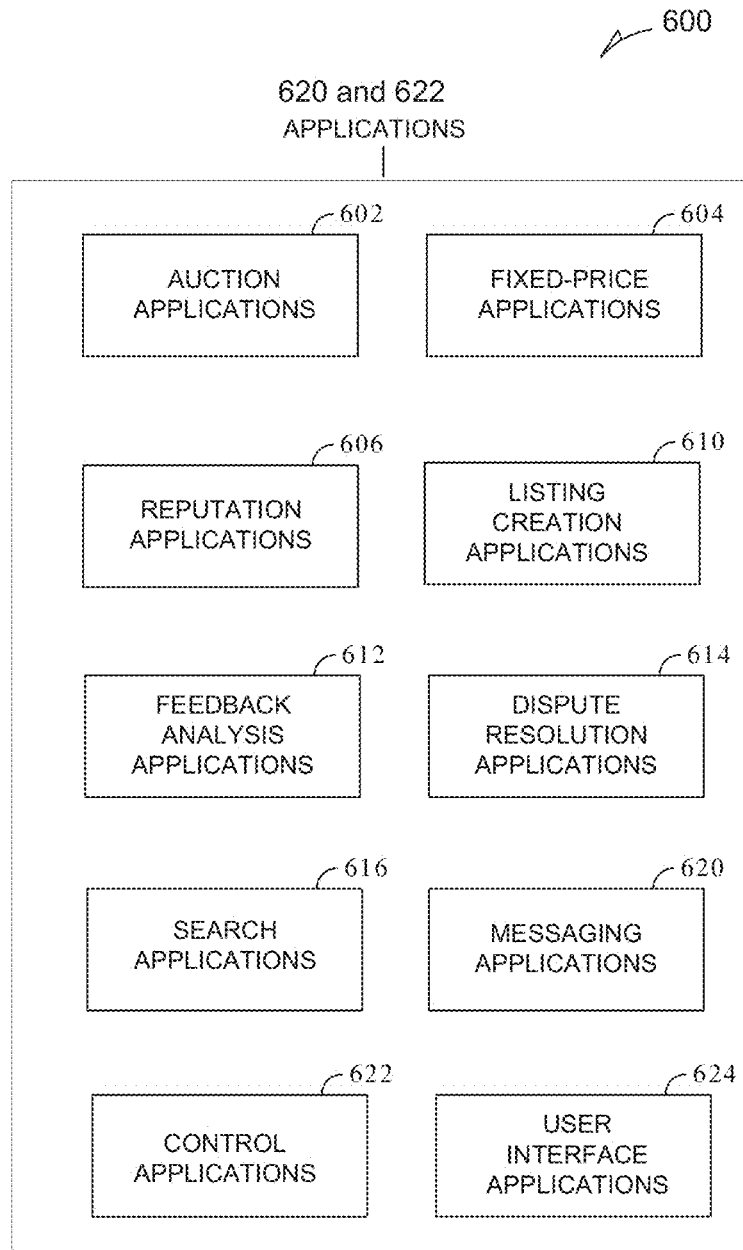


FIG. 5

*FIG. 6*

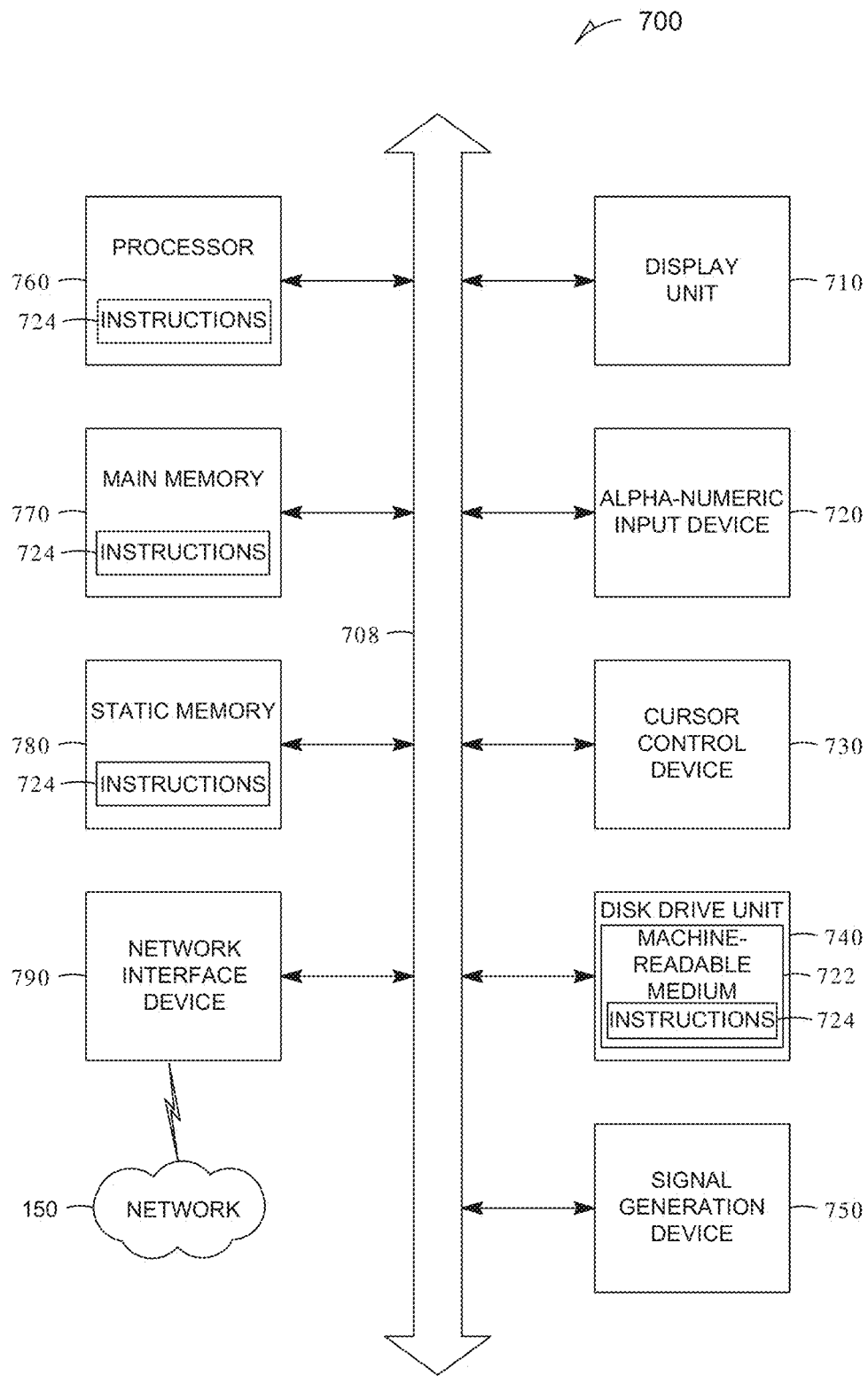
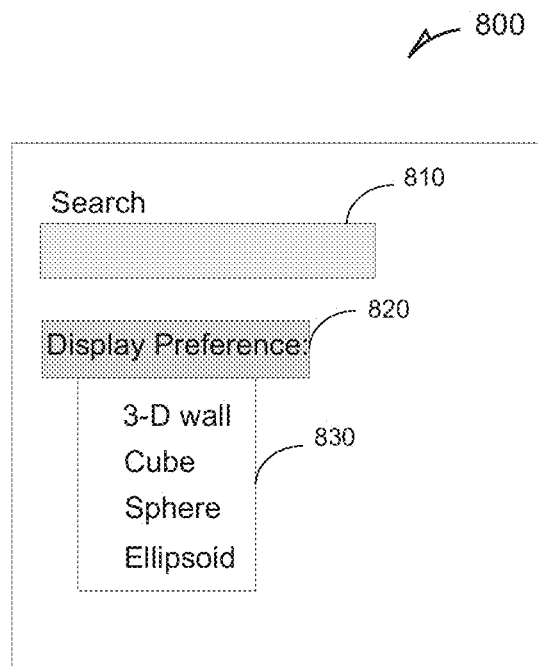


FIG. 7

*FIG. 8*

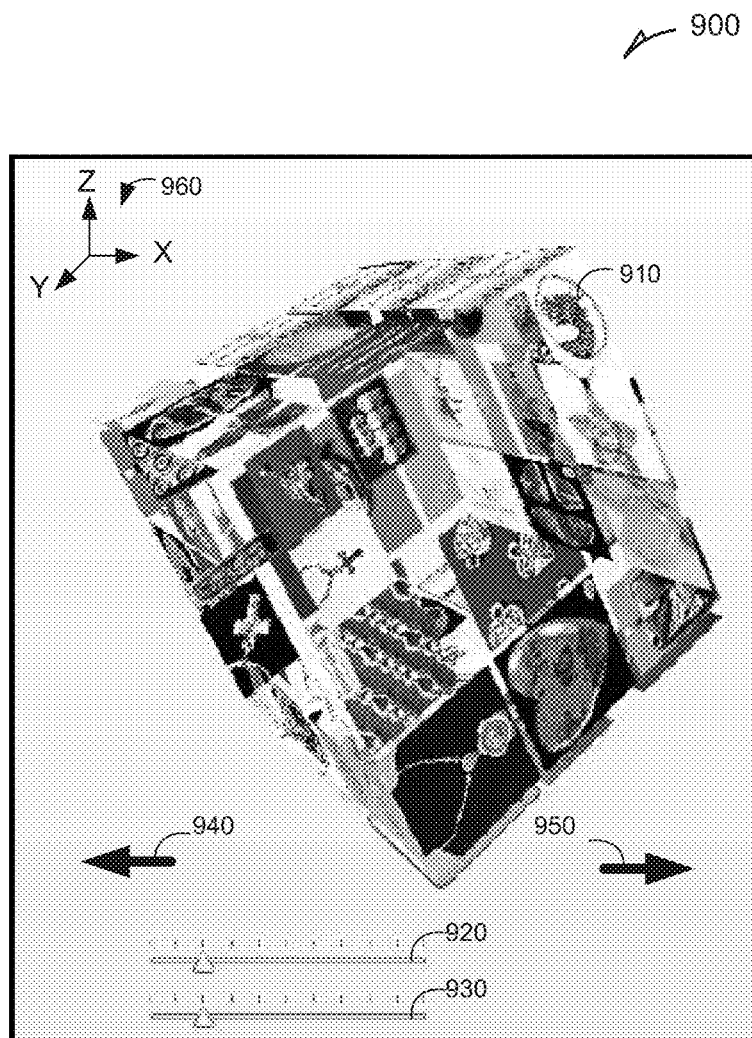


FIG. 9

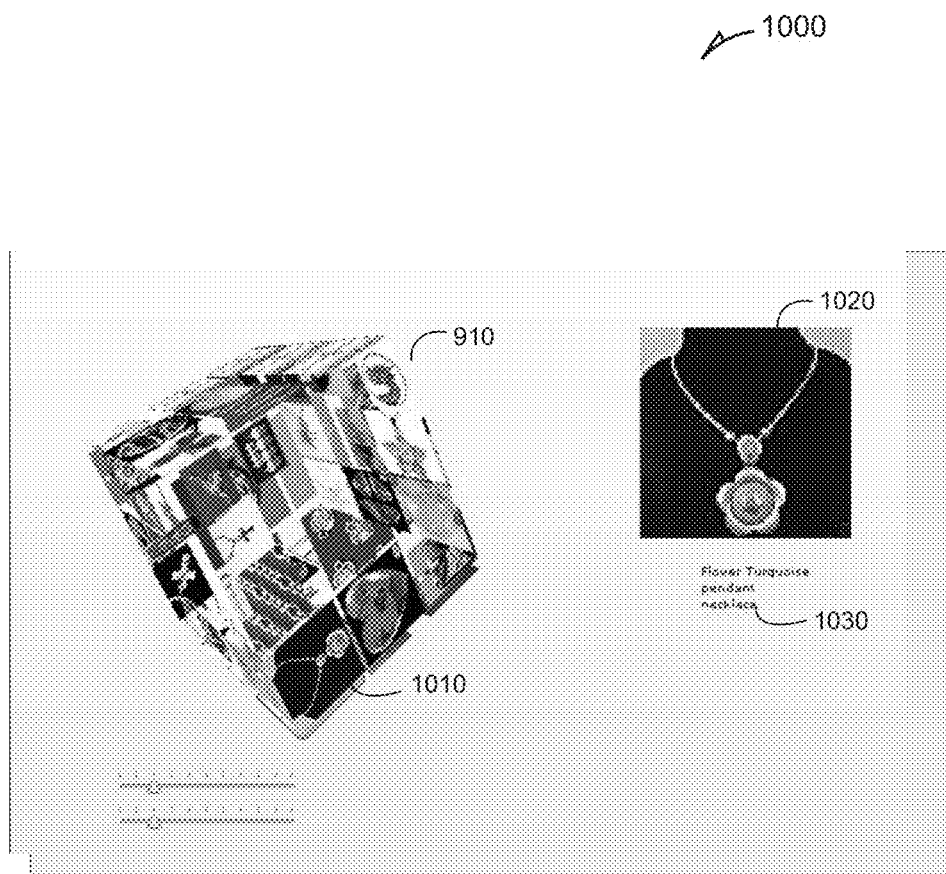


FIG. 10

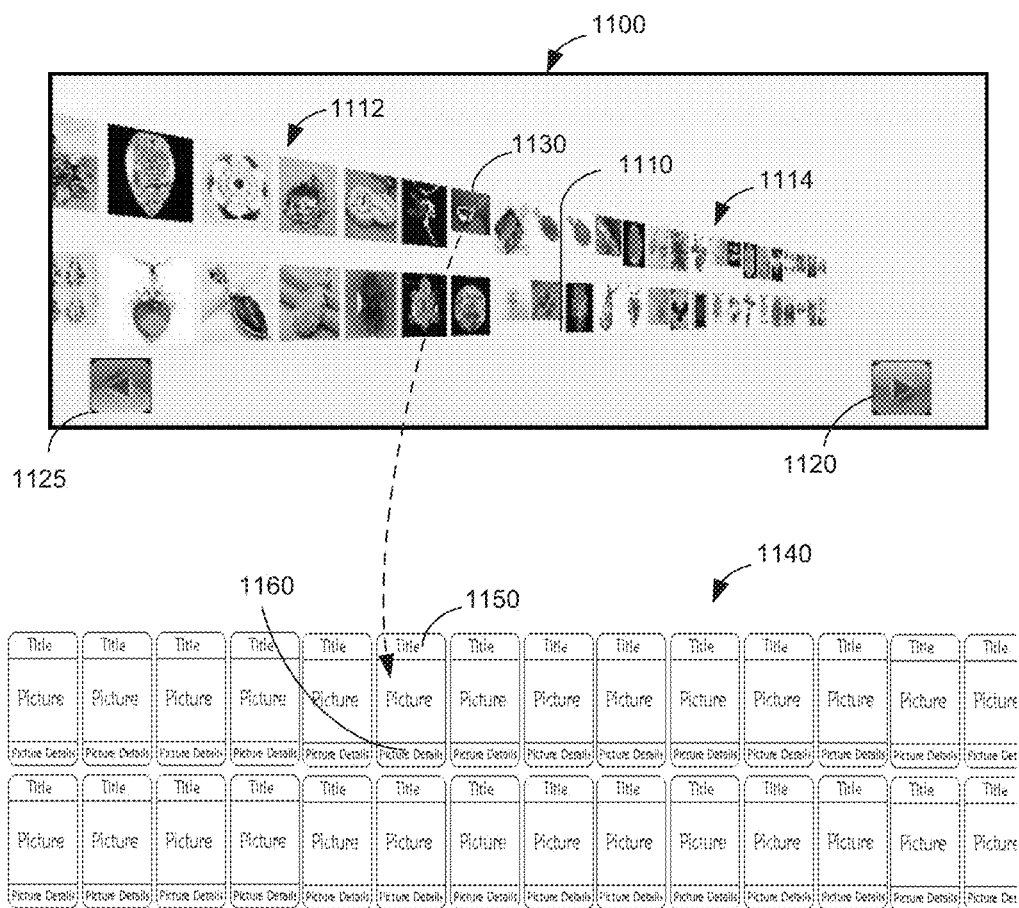


FIG. 11

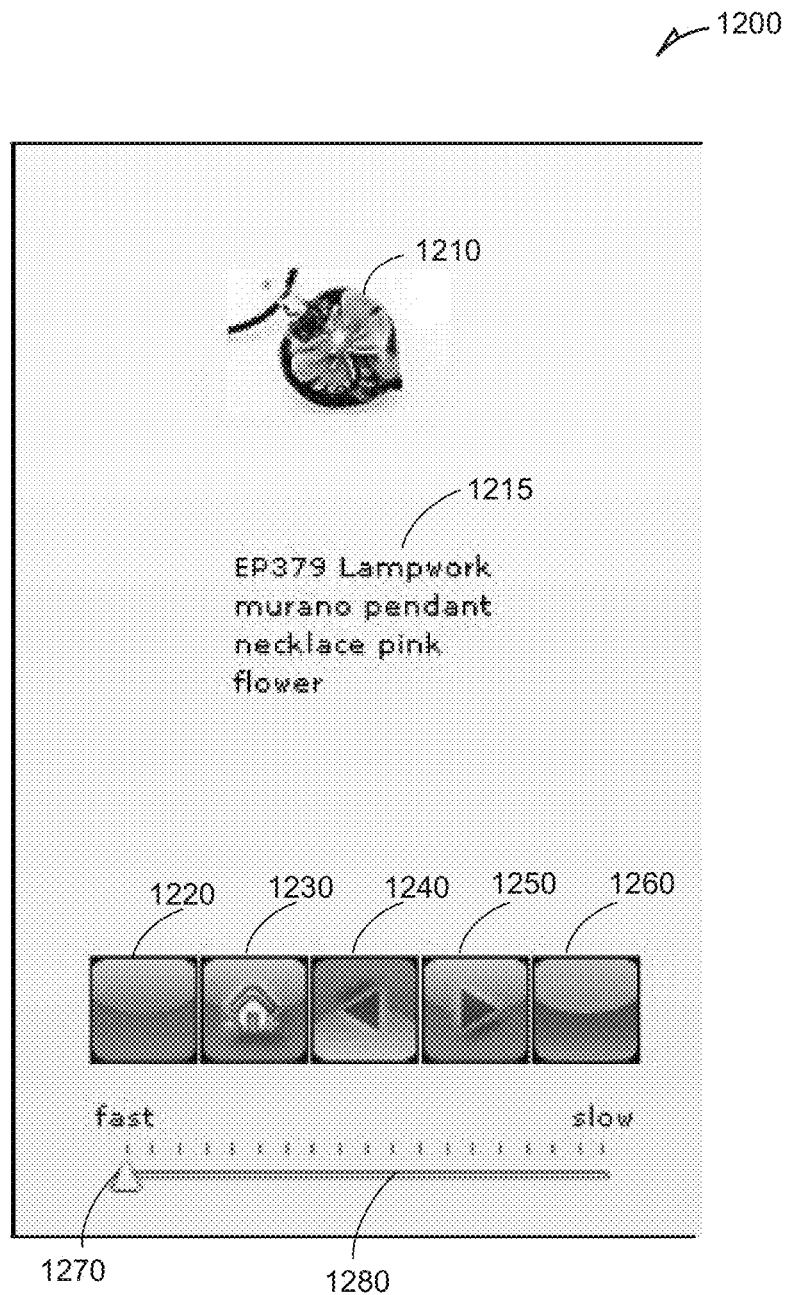


FIG. 12

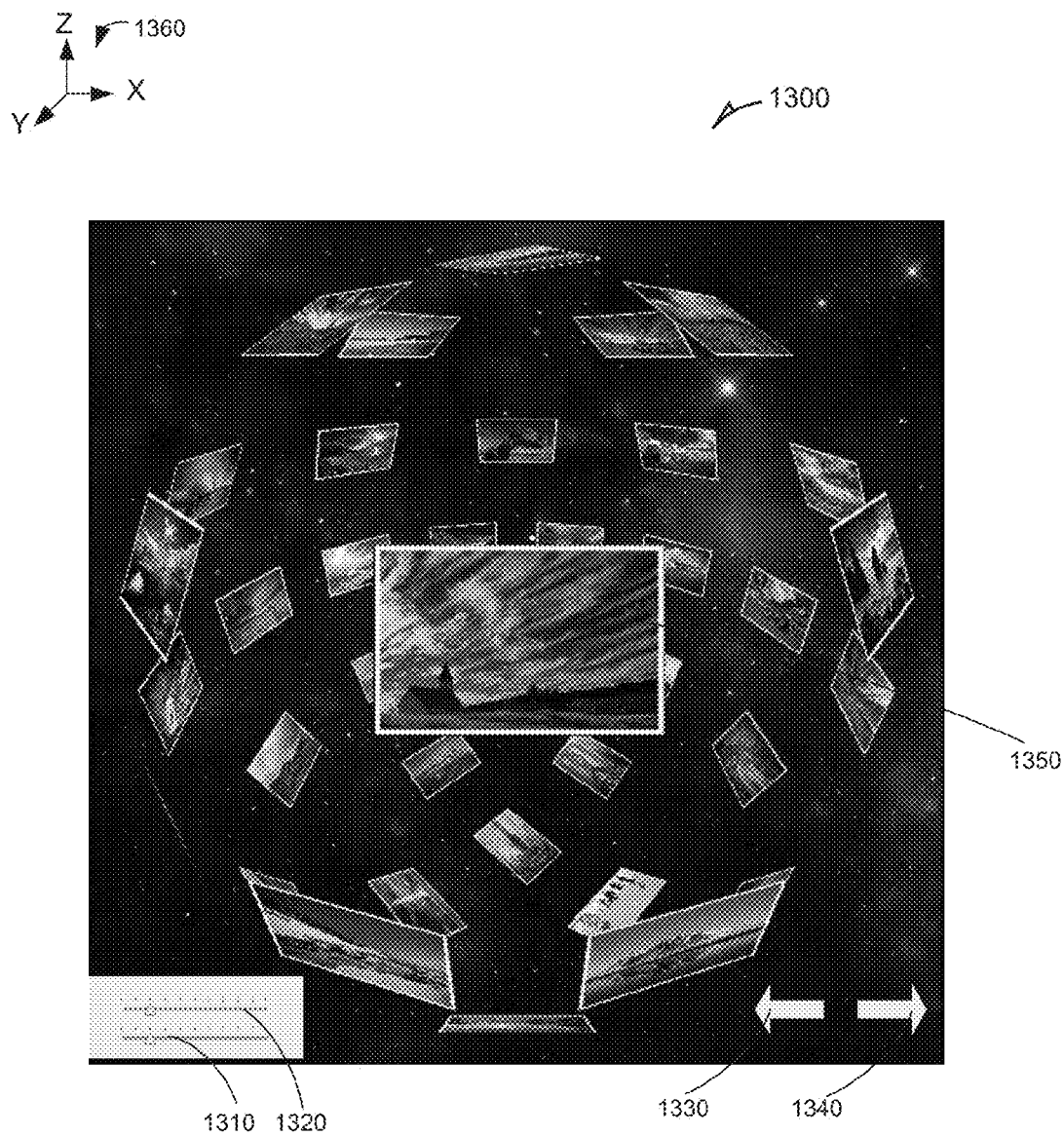


FIG. 13

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THREE DIMENSIONAL NAVIGATION OF LISTING INFORMATION

RELATED APPLICATION

This application is a continuation of U.S. patent application Ser. No. 12/862,630, filed Aug. 24, 2010, which application is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

TECHNICAL FIELD

Example embodiments relate generally to the technical field of data communication and presentation.

BACKGROUND

More and more, users of the Internet are realizing the ease and convenience of searching online for information on a variety of subjects. For example, users may search for information related to one or more items or services of interest, destination locations, driving directions, books in a library, or financial information such as mortgage interest rates and prices of securities in a financial market.

On the other hand, content providers such as corporate web designers or hobbyists may struggle to make their contents accessible to searching users. Content providers may compete by increasing ranking in search results generated by search engines, such as GOOGLE, YAHOO, ALTA VISTA, and the like.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Some embodiments are illustrated by way of example and not limitation in the figures of the accompanying drawings in which:

FIG. 1 is a diagram illustrating functionality of a system for three-dimensional (3-D) displaying and navigation of search results, according to various embodiments;

FIG. 2 is a block diagram illustrating a system for 3-D displaying and navigation of search results, according to various embodiments;

FIG. 3 is a flow diagram illustrating a method of 3-D displaying and navigating of search results, according to various embodiments;

FIG. 4 is a flow diagram illustrating a method of 3-D displaying and navigating of search results, according to various embodiments;

FIG. 5 is block diagram illustrating a network-based publication system, according to various embodiments.

FIG. 6 shows a set of applications used by the network-based publication system of FIG. 6, according to various embodiments;

FIG. 7 is a block diagram illustrating a diagrammatic representation of a machine in the example form of a computer system, according to various embodiments;

FIG. 8 is a diagram illustrating a screen shot of a search page, according to various embodiments;

FIG. 9 is a screen shot illustrating a cube display of listing items, according to various embodiments;

FIG. 10 is a screen shot illustrating a display of an item selection from the cube of FIG. 10, according to various embodiments;

FIG. 11 is a screen shot illustrating a 3-D wall display of Listing items, according to various embodiments;

FIG. 12 is a screen shot illustrating a slide show of the listing shown in the 3-D wall of FIG. 12, according to various embodiments; and

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FIG. 13 is a screen shot illustrating a sphere display of listing items, according to various embodiments;

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Example methods and systems for 3-D displaying and navigating of search results are described. In the following description, tier purposes of explanation, numerous specific details are set forth to provide a thorough understanding of example embodiments. It will be evident, however, to one of ordinary skill in the art that the present invention may be practiced without these specific details and/or with different combinations of the details than are given here. Thus, specific embodiments are given for the purpose of simplified explanation and not limitation.

Some embodiments described herein may include a computerized method comprising receiving a criterion from a user of a publication system. A database associated with the publication system may be searched based on the criterion. Search results retrieved from the database may be displayed on at least one side of a 3-D interface object. At least one control may be displayed proximate to the 3-D interface object. The control may be used to navigate the 3-D interface object.

FIG. 1 is a diagram illustrating functionality of a system for 3-D display and navigation of search results, according to various embodiments. The system may comprise a server 110 of a publication system 115, including a network-based commerce system such as EBAY INC. of San Jose Calif., the assignee of the present disclosure. The server 110 may be coupled, via a network 150 (e.g., the Internet) to a client machine 140. In some embodiments, the client machine 140 may comprise a personal computer (PC) such as a desktop or a laptop, a Personal Digital Assistant (PDA), a cell phone, or the like.

A user 130 of the client machine 140 may search the publication system 115 for publication information in the example form of a listing, such as an online item or an online service. The items may include goods (e.g., cars, consumer electronics, appliances, etc.) and online publications (e.g., books, journals, newspapers, weblogs, etc.). The online services may comprise travel services, car rentals, hotel reservations, equipment rentals, real estate services and so forth. The server 110 may receive one or more criteria 120 (e.g., a query including a keyword) from the user 130. The server 110 may search the database 160 to retrieve a number of listings that match the criteria 120. The database 160 may comprise a single database and/or multiple databases stored on a single or multiple storage devices.

The server 110 may display search results (e.g., listings in the publication system 115 relating to the criteria 120) retrieved from the database 160 on one or more sides of a 3-D interface object 170. In other systems, the listings are shown in consecutive horizontal rows with a limited number of listings per page. Many users may browse the first few listings and not bother to go through several pages to see the whole set of listings. Example embodiments allow the user 130 to see thumbnail previews of numerous listings by navigating to different sides of a 3-D interface object shown on a single page.

In some embodiments, the 3-D interface object may comprise, but is not limited to, a 3-D shape such as a cube (shown in FIGS. 10 and 11), a sphere, an ellipsoid, or a 3-D wall as shown in FIG. 12. The one or more sides, when referring to a sphere or an ellipsoid, may be defined with reference to a viewer. For example, the sphere or the ellipsoid may have a viewable side (e.g., a front side) or a

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side that is not viewable by the viewer (e.g., a back side). Multiple results (e.g., text, image, etc. relating to the listings) may be shown on each side of the 3-D interface object. For example, the displayed results shown on each side of the 3-D interface object may be arranged in multiple rows and columns. The server 110 may also display, proximate to the three 3-D interface object 170, one or more controls 175 to be used to navigate the 3-D interface object 170. The server 110 may perform the above functionalities by using the components and modules described below with respect to FIG. 2.

FIG. 2 is a block diagram illustrating a system 200 for 3-D display and navigation of search results, according to various embodiments. The system 200 comprises the server 110 linked to the client machine 140 via the network 150. The server 110 may comprise a database server 210, a processor 220, a search module 230, a server communication module 250, and a server control module 240. In embodiments, the server communication module 250 may comprise hardware and/or software e.g., be a processor-implemented mobile and may operate as a network interface device 790 shown in FIG. 7. The search module 230 and the server control module 240 may similarly comprise hardware and/or software. The software may be implemented by the processor 220 or a processor 760 shown in FIG. 7.

The server communication module 250 may receive a query from the user 130 of FIG. 1. The query may comprise one or more words (e.g., keywords) related to an electronic publication (e.g., a listing for an online item or service) in the publication system 115 of FIG. 1. The search module 230 may operate to use the database server 210 to search the database 160 of FIG. 1 by using the one or more keywords and retrieving search results (e.g., listings) from the database 160. The processor 220 may cause the display module 280 to display search results retrieved from the database 160. The search results may be displayed on one or more sides of a 3-D interface object. In embodiments, the display module 280 may cause a display unit 710 shown in FIG. 700 to display the listings.

A form of the 3-D interface object, such a cube, sphere, ellipsoid or 3-D wall may be selected by the user 130. The display module 280 may display the listings as thumbnails on different sides of, for example, the cube, sphere, ellipsoid, or 3-D wall as shown in FIGS. 9-13. The user 130 may select a thumbnail by, for instance, clicking on the selected thumbnail to see a detailed description of the listing displayed on the selected thumbnail. In embodiments, the detailed description may be shown on a separate page or on the same page with the 3-D interface object. The user 130 may also be able to navigate the 3-D interface object using one or more controls 175 of FIG. 1.

The display module 280 may display the one or more controls 175 proximate (e.g., adjacent) to the 3-D interface object. In embodiments, for example, when the 3-D interface object comprises a 3-D wall, the controls 175 may be displayed over the 3-D interface object. In an embodiment, the 3-D wall may comprise a slide show that the user 130 can operate by using the one or more controls 175.

The server control module 240 may receive signals from the one or more controls 175. For example, in the case of the 3-D wall, the signals may indicate a selection by the user 130 of an operation including playing, pausing, forwarding, or rewinding of the slide show. In embodiments, the server control module 240 may operate to receive the signals from an input device such as a keyboard, joystick, or a mouse. The server control module 240 may then operate to send commands to client control module 270 to request from the

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display module 280 performance of the operation selected by the user 130. In response to the request, the display module 280 may perform the selected operation.

The signals received by the server control module 240 may indicate a selection by the user 130 to rotate the 3-D interface object. The signals may also indicate an axis of rotation (e.g., X, Y, and Z) and/or a direction of rotation (e.g., clockwise, counter-clockwise, etc.) selected by the user 130. After receiving the signal, the server control module 240 may operate to send one or more commands to the client control module 270 requesting that the 3-D interface object be rotated around the selected axis of rotation and in the selected direction. The client control module 270 may render a rotation of the 3-D interface object around the axis of rotation and in the direction selected by the user 130 and request the display module 280 to display the rotation. The display module 280 may, in response, rotate the 3-D interface object around the selected axis of rotation and in the selected direction.

The client machine 140 linked to the server 110 via the network 150 may comprise a client communication module 260, a display module 280, and a client control module 270. The client communication module 260 and the display module 280 may comprise hardware. The client control module 270 may comprise hardware and/or software. The software may be implemented by a processor such as the processor 760 of FIG. 7.

The client communication module 260 may transmit one or more criteria 120 of FIG. 1 (e.g., one or more queries including one or more keywords) received from the user 130 of FIG. 1 to the server 110. The server 110 may search the database 160 of FIG. 1 to retrieve listings in the publication system 115 of FIG. 1 that match the criteria 120. The server may then send the search results (e.g., listings) to the client machine 140. The client communication module 260 may receive the search results from the server 110. The client communication module 260 may also receive one or more commands relating to the listings from the server 110.

The commands may correspond to user selections received by the server control module 240 of FIG. 2. For example, the commands may correspond to a selection of the form of the 3-D interface object (e.g., cube, sphere, ellipsoid, or 3-D wall). The commands may also correspond to a selection of an axis of rotation and/or a direction of rotation of the 3-D interface object, and/or operations such as playing, forwarding, rewinding, or pausing of a slide show. The client control module 270 may receive the commands from the client communication module 260.

In response, the client control module 270 may control a rotation of the 3-D interface object around the axis of rotation and in the direction selected by the user 130. The user selection may be received from the server 110, one or more controls 175 of FIG. 1, and/or an input device such as a keyboard, mouse, joystick, or the like. The display module 280 may display the rotation of the 3-D interface object. The display module 280 may also display the one or more controls 175 of FIG. 1, adjacent to the 3-D interface object, or, in embodiments such as the 3-D wall, on a portion of the 3-D wall.

FIG. 3 is a flow diagram illustrating a method 300 of 3-D displaying and navigating of search results, according to various embodiments. The method 300 may be executed by the server 110 of FIG. 2. The method 300 starts at operation 310, where the server 110 of the publication system 115 receives criteria 120 from the user 130 of FIG. 1. The criteria 120 may comprise a query including keywords relating to one or more listings in the publication system 115.

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At operation **320**, the server **110** may use the criteria **120** to search the database **160** for listings that match the criteria **120**. The search results may include multiple listings such as online items or services. The online items may include goods (e.g., cars, consumer electronics, appliances, etc.), online publications (e.g., books, journals, news papers, weblogs, etc.), online services, and the like. The online services may comprise travel services, car rentals, hotel reservations, equipment rentals, real estate services and the like.

At operation **330**, the processor **220** may cause the display module **280** of FIG. 2 to display the listings retrieved from the database **160** on one or more sides of a 3-D interface object. The form of the 3-D interface object may be selected by the user **130** of FIG. 1, and may comprise, inter alia, a cube, a sphere, an ellipsoid, or a 3-D wall. The 3-D wall may comprise a slide show. The listings may be displayed as thumbnails on various sides of the 3-D interface object. The user **130** may select a listing by clicking on a selected thumbnail corresponding to the selected listing. A detailed description of the selected listing may be shown on a separate page or on the same page where the 3-D interface object is displayed.

At operation **340**, the processor **220** may cause the display module **280** to display the controls **175** of FIG. 1 adjacent or over the 3-D interface object. The controls **175** may be shown on the 3-D interface object, for example, when the selected 3-D interface object comprises a 3-D wall. The controls may be used by the user **130** to navigate the 3-D interface object. For instance, the user **130** may use the controls **175** to view rotation of the cube, sphere or ellipsoid around a selected axis of rotation and in a selected direction of rotation. The user **130** may also use the controls **175** shown on or adjacent to a slide show to control the slide show (for example, to play, pause, forward, or rewind the slide show).

FIG. 4 is a flow diagram illustrating a method **400** of 3-D displaying and navigating of search results, according to various embodiments. The method **400** will be implemented by the client machine **140** of FIG. 2. The method **400** may start at operation **410**, where the client communication module **260** of FIG. 2 may transmit the criteria **120** of FIG. 1 from the client machine **140** to the server **110** of FIG. 3. The server **110** may search the database **160** based on the criteria **120** and send the search results, such as a number of listings, to the client machine **140**.

At operation **420**, the client communication module **260** of FIG. 2 may receive the listings from the server **110**. The client communication module **260** may also receive a number of command signals from the server **110**. The command signals may correspond to displays of the listings by the display module **280** of FIG. 2.

At operation **430**, the display module **280** may display the listings on one or more sides of a 3-D interface object. The form of the 3-D interface object may be selected by the user **130** of FIG. 1. The display module **280** may use the command signals to navigate the 3-D interface object.

At operation **440**, the display module **280** may display a number of controls **175** of FIG. 1 adjacent to or over the 3-D interface object. For example, when the 3-D interface object comprises a 3-D wall, the controls **175** may be shown over a portion of the 3-D wall. The controls **175** may be used by the user **130** to navigate the 3-D interface object.

FIG. 5 is high-level block diagram illustrating an example network-based publication system **500**, having a client-server architecture for facilitating 3-D display and navigation of listings. The network-based publication system **500**,

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in the example form of a network-based 3-D display and navigation server **502**, provides server-side functionality, via a network **580** (e.g., the Internet) to one or more clients. FIG. 5 illustrates, for example, a Web client **506** (e.g., a browser, such as the INTERNET EXPLORER browser developed by MICROSOFT CORPORATION of Redmond, Wash.), and a programmatic client **508** executing on respective client machines **510** and **512**.

Turning to the 3-D display and navigation server **502**, an Application Program Interface (API) server **514** and a Web server **516** are coupled to, and provide programmatic and Web interfaces respectively to, one or more application servers **518**. The application servers **518** host one or more publication system applications **520** and 3-D display applications **522**. The application servers **518** are, in turn, shown to be coupled to one or more database servers **524** that facilitate access to one or more databases **526**.

The publication system applications **520** provide a number of payment functions and services to users who access the network-based 3-D display and navigation server **502**. The 3-D display applications **522** facilitate real-time contextual spending in person-to-person payment activities over the network **580**.

Further, while the network-based publication system **500** shown in FIG. 5 employs a client-server architecture, the present application is, of course, not limited to such an architecture and could equally well find application in a distributed, or peer-to-peer, architecture system. The various publication system and 3-D display applications **520** and **522** may also be implemented as standalone software programs, which do not necessarily have networking capabilities.

It should be appreciated that the Web client **506** may access the various publication system and 3-D display applications **520** and **522** via the Web interface supported by the Web server **516**. Similarly, the programmatic client **508** accesses the various services and functions provided by the publication system and 3-D display applications **520** and **522** via the programmatic interface provided by the API server **514**. The programmatic client **508** may, for example, include registration applications to provide interested users (e.g., users of the network-based payment system) with registration forms to sign up for advertising items or services on the network-based publication system **500**.

The programmatic client **508** may also include communication applications to perform batch-mode communications between the programmatic client **508** and the network-based 3-D display and navigation server **502**.

FIG. 6 shows an example set of applications **600** included in the applications **520** and **522** served by the application server **518** used by the network-based publication system **500** of FIG. 5. The network-based publication system **500** may provide 3-D displaying and navigation of search results, including listing information retrieved from the network-based publication system **500**. The applications **600** are shown to include one or more auction applications **602**, which support auction-format listing and price setting mechanisms (e.g., English, Dutch, Vickrey, Chinese, Double, Reverse auctions, etc.). The various auction applications **602** may also provide a number of features in support of such auction-format listings, such as a reserve price feature whereby a seller may specify a reserve price in connection with a listing and a proxy-bidding feature whereby a bidder may invoke automated proxy bidding.

A number of fixed-price applications **604** support fixed-price listing formats (e.g., the traditional classified advertisement-type listing or a catalogue listing) and buyout-type

listings. Specifically, buyout-type listings (e.g., including the Buy-It-Now (BIN) technology developed by eBay Inc., of San Jose, Calif.) may be offered in conjunction with an auction-format listing, and may allow a buyer to purchase goods or services, which are also being offered for sale via an auction, for a fixed-price that is typically higher than the starting price of the auction.

Reputation applications **606** may allow parties that transact utilizing the network-based publication system **500** to establish, build, and maintain reputations related to market participants (e.g., sellers, buyers, service providers, or clients) which may be published and made available to potential trading partners. Consider that where, for example, the network-based publication system **500** supports person-to-person trading, users may have no history or other reference information whereby the trustworthiness and credibility of potential trading partners may be assessed. The reputation applications **606** may allow a user, for example through feedback provided by other transaction partners, to establish a reputation over time within the network-based publication system **500**. Other potential trading partners may then reference such a reputation for the purposes of assessing credibility and trustworthiness.

Listing creation applications **610** may allow sellers or service providers to conveniently author listings pertaining to goods or services that they wish to sell via the network-based publication system **500**.

Feedback analysis applications **612** may allow the network-based publication system **500** to analyze feedback information received by the reputation applications **606** and make assessments with respect to performances of the trading parties. The feedback analysis applications **612** may provide attributes (e.g., rankings, percentages, comments, etc.) related to reputation dimensions (e.g., overall feedback rating, feedback ratings on cost of shipping, timeliness, communication, quality of advertisements, quality of listing descriptions, quality of packaging, quality of services provided, and the like).

Dispute resolution applications **614** may provide mechanisms whereby disputes arising between transacting parties may be resolved. For example, the dispute resolution applications **614** may provide guided procedures whereby the parties are guided through a number of steps in an attempt to settle a dispute. In the event that the dispute cannot be settled via the guided procedures, the dispute may be escalated to a third party mediator or arbitrator.

Search applications **616** may facilitate searching a database (e.g., database **524** of FIG. **5** or database **160** of FIG. **1**) for a listing in the network-based publication system **500**, based on a criterion received from client machine (e.g., client machine **140** of FIG. **1** or client machines **510** and **512** of FIG. **5**).

Messaging applications **620** are responsible for the generation and delivery of messages to users of the network-based publication system **500**. Such messages may, for example, advise users regarding the status of listings at the network-based publication system **500** (e.g., providing "out-bid" notices to bidders during an auction process or providing promotional and merchandising information to users). In one example embodiment, the messaging applications **620** may notify a user when an entity (e.g., seller, buyer, service provider, or client) associated with a searched object has transgressed a predefined threshold related to an attribute of a reputation dimension other than the ones selected by the user as a search query (e.g., the user has selected the shipping cost as the search criteria but among the found objects, there are objects offered by sellers who have more

than 35% late delivery of sold items. In this case, the messaging applications may notify the user of such instances if the predefined threshold is 20%).

Control applications **622** may facilitate receiving control signals from the control **175** of FIG. **1** and/or from input devices such as a keyboard, mouse, joystick, and the like. The control applications may also assist in interpreting the control signals and providing appropriate command signals to be sent by the server **110** of FIG. **2** to the client machine **140** of FIG. **2** to navigate the 3-D interface object based on user selections, as described above.

User interface applications **624** may operate to receive user selections of the form of the 3-D interface object such as cube, sphere, ellipsoid, or 3-D wall. The user interface applications may also be used by the display module **280** of FIG. **2** to display and navigate the 3-D interface object and to display controls **175** of FIG. **1** as described with respect to FIG. **2** above.

Example Machine Architecture

FIG. **7** is a block diagram, illustrating a diagrammatic representation of a machine **700** in the example form of a computer system within which a set of instructions for causing the machine **700** to perform any one or more of the methodologies discussed herein may be executed. In alternative embodiments, the machine **700** may operate as a standalone device or may be connected (e.g., networked) to other machines. In a networked deployment, the machine **700** may operate in the capacity of a server or a client machine in a server-client network environment, or as a peer machine in a peer-to-peer (or distributed) network environment. The machine **700** may be a server computer, a client computer, a PC, a tablet PC, a set-top box (STB), a PDA, a cellular telephone, a Web appliance, a network router, switch or bridge, or any machine capable of executing a set of instructions (sequential or otherwise) that specify actions to be taken by that machine. Further, while only a single machine is illustrated, the term "machine" shall also be taken to include any collection of machines that individually or jointly execute a set (or multiple sets) of instructions to perform any one or more of the methodologies discussed herein.

In embodiments, the example computer system **700** may operate as the server **110** of FIG. **1** or as the client machine **140** of FIG. **1**. The example computer system may include a processor **760** (e.g., a central processing unit (CPU), a graphics processing unit (GPU) or both), a main memory **770** and a static memory **780**, all of which communicate with each other via a bus **708**. The computer system **700** may further include a display unit **710** (e.g., liquid crystal displays (LCD) or cathode ray tube (CRT)). The computer system **700** also may include an alphanumeric input device **720** (e.g., a keyboard), a cursor control device **730** (e.g., a mouse), a disk drive unit **740**, a signal generation device **750** (e.g., a speaker), and a network interface device **790**.

The disk drive unit **740** may include a machine-readable medium **722** on which is stored one or more sets of instructions (e.g., software **724**) embodying any one or more of the methodologies or functions described herein. The software **724** may also reside, completely or at least partially, within the main memory **770**, static memory **780**, and/or within the processor **760** during execution thereof by the computer system **700**, the main memory **770** and the processor **760** also constituting machine-readable media.

The software **724** may further be transmitted or received over a network **150** via the network interface device **790**. In embodiments, the network interface device may operate as

the server communication module **250** and the client communication module **260**, both of FIG. **2**.

While the machine-readable medium **722** is shown in an example embodiment to be a single medium, the term "machine-readable medium" should be taken to include a single medium or multiple media (e.g., a centralized or distributed database, and/or associated caches and servers) that store the one or more sets of instructions. The term "machine-readable medium" shall also be taken to include any medium that is capable of storing, encoding or carrying a set of instructions for execution by the machine and that cause the machine to perform any one or more of the methodologies of the present disclosure. The term "machine-readable medium" shall accordingly be taken to include, but not be limited to, solid-state memories and optical and magnetic media.

Example Screen Shots

FIG. **8** is a diagram illustrating a screen shot of a search page **800**, according to various embodiments. The user **130** of FIG. **1** may see the search page **800** after the user **130** begins, for example, to search a listing in the publication system **115** of FIG. **1**. The user may enter the one or more keywords in the search box **810** and hit enter to see the search results displayed in a default display form. The default display form may, for example, comprise a horizontal-line structure, where the search results (e.g., listings) are shown on consecutive horizontal lines, in embodiments, the user **130** may select a display form from a list **830** of display form options shown under a display preference button **820**. For instance, the user **130** may select the cube option. In this case, the search results may be shown on various sides of a cube as shown in FIG. **9** and described below.

FIG. **9** is a screen shot illustrating a cube display **900** of listing items, according to various embodiments. The search results shown in cube display **900** may comprise listed items retrieved from the database **160** of FIG. **1** of the publication system **115**. The user **130** of FIG. **1** may use one of the controls **920** or **930** to navigate the cube **910**. In embodiments, the user **130** may use the control **920** to control the rotational speed of cube **910** around one axis, such as Z axis of the coordinate system **960**. The user may also use the control **930** to control the rotational speed of the cube **910** around another axis, for instance X or Y axis of the coordinate system **960** or some other axes. The cube display **900** may comprise other kinds of tools for the user to select the rotational axis and/or a corresponding rotational speed of the cube **910**. The direction of rotation of the cube may be selected by the direction controls **950** and **940**, for example, for rotations of the cube **910** around the Z axis of the coordinate system **960**.

FIG. **10** is a screen shot illustrating a display **1000** of an item selection from the cube **910** of FIG. **9**, according to various embodiments. The user **130** of FIG. **1**, while rotating the cube **910** and browsing various sides of the cube **910**, may come across an item in which the user **130** may be interested. The user may select an item **1010** by hovering/ clicking a mouse over the item **1010**. An enlarged image **1020** of the item **1010** will then be shown proximate to the cube **910**. A text object **1030** shown in the display **1000** may comprise a title and/or a detailed description of the item **1010**. The detailed description may include a description of the item **1010**, one or more prices, and one or more dates relating to the item **1010**. The one or more prices may include a BUY IT NOW price and/or a current bid price. The dates may include an expiration date and/or an end of auction date.

FIG. **11** is a screen shot illustrating a 3-D wall display **1100** of listing items, according to various embodiments. The 3-D wall may, for example, comprise two sides **1112** and **1114** separated by the corner line **1110**. The user **130** of FIG. **1** may navigate through the listings shown in the 3-D wall display **1100** by using the control buttons **1120** and **1125**. A two-dimensional view **1140** of the 3-D wall display **1100** shown in FIG. **11** may comprise more information than just pictures. For example, for an item **1130** on the 3-D wall, a corresponding display-object on the two dimensional view **1140** may further include a title **1150** and a description **1160**. The description **1160** may include detailed information relating to the item **1130** including one or more prices and one or more dates. The one or more prices may include a BUY IT NOW price and/or a current bid price. The dates may include an expiration date and/or an end of auction date.

FIG. **12** is a screen shot illustrating a slide show of listing items shown in the 3-D wall of FIG. **11**, according to various embodiments. The items listed on the 3-D wall display **1100** may also be viewed on a slide show **1200**. The slide show **1200** may display a picture **1210** and a description **1215** of an item shown in the 3-D wall **1100** of FIG. **11**. The description **1215** may include detailed information relating to the item **1210**, including one or more prices and one or more dates. The one or more prices may include a BUY IT NOW price and/or a current bid price. The dates may include an expiration date and/or an end of auction date. The slide show **1200** may be operated via a play button **1220**, a pause button **1260**, a home button **1230**, a backward button **1240**, and a forward button **1250**. A frequency (e.g., a number of slides per second) of the slide show **1200** may be controlled by sliding a pointer **1270** across a slit **1280**.

FIG. **13** is a screen shot illustrating a sphere display **1300** of listing items, according to various embodiments. In an embodiment, the user **130** of FIG. **1** when searching using the search page **800** of FIG. **8** may select from the list **830** of FIG. **8** the sphere option. The search results shown in sphere display **1300** may comprise listed items retrieved from the database **160** of FIG. **1** of the publication system **115**. The user **130** may use one of the controls **1310** or **1320** to navigate the sphere shown in sphere display **1300**. In embodiments, the user **130** may use the control **1310** to control the rotational speed of sphere around one axis, such as Z axis of the coordinate system **1360**. The user may also use the control **1320** to control the rotational speed of the sphere around another axis, for instance X or Y axis of the coordinate system **1360** or some other axes. The sphere display **1300** may comprise other kinds of tools for the user to select the rotational axis and/or a corresponding rotational speed of the sphere. The direction of rotation of the sphere may be selected by the direction controls **1330** and **1340**, for example, for rotations of the sphere around the Z axis of the coordinate system **1360**.

Thus, a computerized method and system for 3-D displaying and navigating of search results have been described. Although the present disclosure has been described with reference to specific example embodiments, it will be evident that various modifications and changes may be made to these embodiments without departing from the broader spirit and scope of the disclosure. Accordingly, the specification and drawings are to be regarded in an illustrative rather than a restrictive sense.

The Abstract of the Disclosure is provided to comply with 37 C.F.R. §1.72(b), requiring an abstract that will allow the reader to quickly ascertain the nature of the technical disclosure. It is submitted with the understanding that it will not be used to interpret or limit the scope or meaning of the

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claims. In addition, in the foregoing Detailed Description, it may be seen that various features are grouped together in a single embodiment for the purpose of streamlining the disclosure. This method of disclosure is not to be interpreted as reflecting an intention that the claimed embodiments require more features than are expressly recited in each claim. Rather, as the following claims reflect, inventive subject matter lies in less than all features of a single disclosed embodiment. Thus the following claims are hereby incorporated into the Detailed Description, with each claim standing on its own as a separate embodiment.

What is claimed is:

1. A method comprising:

obtaining a search result from execution of a query by a user against a database of listings, the search result referencing a listing that includes an image of an item and a description of the item; and

generating an interface configured to:

display a reduced-size image that depicts the item from the search result on a side of a three-dimensional (3-D) interface object of the interface; and

display the description of the item in response to a user selection of the reduced-size image that depicts the item,

the generating of the interface being performed by a processor of a machine.

2. The method of claim 1 further comprising:

providing the generated interface to a client device of the user.

3. The method of claim 1, wherein the 3-D interface object comprises a 3-D display in a form including at least one of a cube, a sphere, an ellipsoid, or a 3-D slide show.

4. The method of claim 1, wherein the interface is further configured to display a control usable to manipulate the 3-D interface object.

5. The method of claim 4, further comprising receiving a signal from the control, the signal indicating a selection by the user to rotate the 3-D interface object.

6. The method of claim 5, further comprising causing a rotation of the 3-D interface object based on the selection.

7. The method of claim 4, further comprising causing a rotation of the 3-D interface object in a direction of rotation selected by the user, the rotation caused in response to receiving a signal from the control, the signal indicating the direction of rotation selected by the user.

8. The method of claim 4, further comprising causing an operation including at least one of playing, pausing, forwarding, or rewinding of a 3-D slide show, the operation caused in response to receiving a signal from the control, the signal indicating a selection by the user of the operation including the at least one of playing, pausing, forwarding, or rewinding of the 3-D slide show.

9. A system comprising:

a search module configured to obtain a search result from execution of a query by a user against a database of listings, the search result referencing a listing that includes an image of an item and a description of the item; and

a processor configured to cause generating of an interface configured to display a reduced-size image that depicts the item from the search result on a side of a three-

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dimensional (3-D) interface object of the interface, and display the description of the item in response to a user selection of the reduced-size image that depicts the item.

10. The system of claim 9, wherein the processor is further configured to provide the generated interface to a client device of the user.

11. The system of claim 9, wherein the 3-D interface object comprises a 3-D display in a form including at least one of a cube, a sphere, an ellipsoid, or a 3-D slide show.

12. The system of claim 9, wherein the interface is further configured to display a control usable to manipulate the 3-D interface object.

13. The system of claim 12, further comprising an interface module configured to receive a signal from the control, the signal indicating a selection by the user to rotate the 3-D interface object.

14. The system of claim 13, wherein the interface is further configured to cause a rotation of the 3-D interface object based on the selection.

15. The system of claim 13, wherein the signal further indicates a direction of rotation selected by the user, and wherein the interface is further configured to cause a rotation of the 3-D interface object in the direction of rotation selected by the user based on the selection.

16. The system of claim 13, wherein the signal further indicates a selection by the user of an operation including at least one of playing, pausing, forwarding, or rewinding of a 3-D slide show, and wherein the processor is further configured to cause the operation including the at least one of playing, pausing, forwarding, or rewinding of the 3-D slide show based on the selection.

17. A non-transitory machine-readable medium comprising instructions, which when executed by one or more processors of a machine, cause the machine to perform operations comprising:

obtaining a search result from execution of a query by a user against a database of listings, the search result referencing a listing that includes an image of an item and a description of the item; and

generating an interface configured to:

display a reduced-size image that depicts the item from the search result on a side of a three-dimensional (3-D) interface object of the interface; and

display the description of the item in response to a user selection of the reduced-size image that depicts the item.

18. The non-transitory machine-readable medium of claim 17, wherein the 3-D interface object comprises a 3-D display in a form including at least one of a cube, a sphere, an ellipsoid, or a 3-D slide show.

19. The non-transitory machine-readable medium of claim 17, wherein the interface is further configured to display a control usable to manipulate the 3-D interface object.

20. The non-transitory machine-readable medium of claim 19, wherein the operations further comprise receiving a signal from the control, the signal indicating a selection by the user to rotate the 3-D interface object.

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